Office of Health Equity Veterans Health Administration Department of Veterans Affairs



ENSURING FOOD SECURITY IN VETERANS

Jaime Boris, MS, MHA(c), Office of Health Equity, Lauren Korshak, DHealth(c), MS, RCEP, Office of Health Equity, Shawn Liu, MSW, Homeless Programs Office, Alicia Cohen, MD, MSc, FAAFP, Research Investigator and Primary Care, VA Providence Healthcare System

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INTRODUCTION

The Veterans Health Administration (VHA) serves a Veteran population that is increasingly diverse. Equitable access to high-quality care for all Veterans is a major tenet of the VA healthcare mission. The Office of Health Equity (OHE) champions the elimination of health disparities and the achievement of health equity for all Veterans, including ensuring that Veterans have the same access to health opportunities as non-Veterans.

Access to healthy and nutritious food is a key component to good health. Working age Veterans are 7.4% more likely to experience food insecurity than demographically similar non-Veterans. Food insecurity occurs when people lack reliable access to nutritionally adequate food. Since food insecurity is associated with many negative health outcomes, alleviating food insecurity is essential to maintaining wellness.

HEALTH DISPARITIES

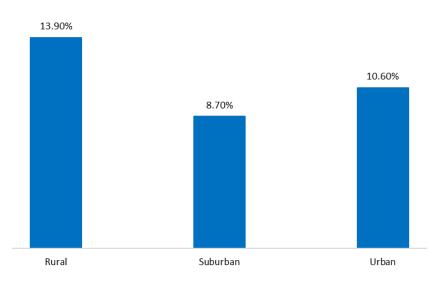
Researchers at the Economic Research Service (ERS) at USDA studied the extent and severity of food insecurity among working-age Veterans, ages 18–64 and then compared them to demographically

similar non-Veterans. The ERS focused on working-age Veterans because they currently make up 76% of the Veteran population.

Between 2015 to 2019, 11.1% of working-age Veterans lived in food-insecure households, resulting in disrupted eating patterns and household members may reduce food intake due to limited resources.

Food insecurity was higher among working-age Veterans living in households in rural areas than in urban areas or in suburbs/exurbs.

Percentage of Veterans with Food Insecurity, by Location



From: Rabbitt, Matthew P. and Michael D. Smith May 2021. Food Insecurity Among Working-Age Veterans, ERR-829, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service.



REDUCING DISPARITIES

Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) benefits can help Veterans afford food. 7.1% of Veterans participate in the program, compared to 15% of non-Veterans. Similarly, only 20% of low-income households that utilized charitable food and nutrition assistance included a Veteran.

The Office of Health Equity supports interventions across VA to reduce health disparities in all Veteran groups. VA clinical care team members screen Veterans using the Hunger Vital SignTM. If the Veteran screens positive, they are offered a referral to a registered dietitian or social worker to receive education that helps them manage food resources, get connected to a local food pantry or community-based program, or enroll in SNAP. So far, VA has

conducted over 10 million food insecurity screens for over 7 million individual Veterans.

VA established food pantries on many VA campuses, including several through a formal partnership between VA and Feeding America. Veterans felt empowered, were treated with dignity, and experienced minimized stigma when using these food pantries.

Additionally, a new partnership with MAZON: A Jewish Response to Hunger helps eligible Veterans access SNAP benefits through screening, education, and outreach. Increasing awareness and utilization of benefits is an important way to help Veterans access healthy food and maintain healthy lifestyles.

VA FOOD PANTRIES, AS OF JANUARY 2021:

VA Medical Center	City	State	VA Medical Center	City	State
Central Alabama Veterans Health Care System			Omaha VA Medical CenterVA Nebraska-		
West Campus	Montgomery	AL	Western Iowa HCS	Omaha	NE
Central Alabama Veterans Health Care System			Albany VA Medical Center: Samuel S.		
East Campus	Tuskegee	AL	Stratton	Albany	NY
Veterans Health Care System of the Ozarks	Fayetteville	AR	VA Hudson Valley Health Care System)	Montrose	NY
Southern Arizona VA Health Care System	Tuscon	AZ	Northport VA Medical Center	Northport	NY
Wilmington VA Medical Center	Wilmington	DE	Cincinnati VA Medical Center	Cincinnati	ОН
Carl Vinson VA Medical Center	Dublin	GA	Dayton VA Medical Center	Dayton	OH
Iowa City VA Health Care System	Iowa City	IA	Oklahoma City VA Health Care System	Oklahoma City	OK
Edward Hines Jr. VA Hospital	Hines	IL	Butler VA Health Care System	Butler	PA
Marion VA Medical Center	Marion	IL	Erie VA Medical Center	Erie	PA
			Corporal Michael J. Crescenz VA Medical		
Marion VA Medical Center	Fort Wayne	IN	Center	Philadelphia	PA
Robert J. Dole VA Medical Center	Wichita	KS	Ralph H. Johnson VA Medical Center	Charleston	SC
Lexington VA Health Care System	Lexington	KY	Columbia VA Health Care System	Columbia	SC
Alexandria VA Health Care System	Pineville	LA	West Texas VA Health Care System	Big Spring	TX
Overton Brooks VA Medical Center	Shreveport	LA	Central Texas Veterans Health Care System	Temple	TX
Minneapolis VA Health Care System	Minneapolis	MN	VA Salt Lake City Health Care System	Salt Lake City	UT
Kansas City VA Medical Center	Kansas City	MO	Hampton VA Medical Center	Hampton	VA
Gulf Coast Veterans Health Care System	Biloxi	MS	Beckley VA Medical Center	Beckley	WV
			Clarksburg - Louis A. Johnson VA Medical		
G.V. (Sonny) Montgomery VA Medical Center	Jackson	MS	Center	Clarksburg	WV
Durham VA Medical Center	Durham	NC	Martinsburg VA Medical Center	Martinsburg	WV
Fargo VA Health Care System	Fargo	ND			

The full report on Food Insecurity Among Working Age Veterans can be accessed here.

For more information about the Office of Health Equity visit: https://www.va.gov/healthequity/